23. **HIGH SPEED CRAFT**

Source: Maritime and Coastguard Agency.

*Former Notice 23/20 is cancelled. This is a repetition of the former Notice.*

1. The definition of High Speed Craft (HSC) is given in the IMO International Code of Safety for High Speed Craft (the HSC Code). Speed alone is not the criterion for classification as a HSC; it is a combination of displacement and operating speed.

2. The market now seems to be stable and there is less likely to be new routes, however mariners need to remain aware that they might be engaging on new routes. HSC are generally engaged on a fixed route, carrying passengers, cars and, in some cases, freight. They proceed at speeds faster than other commercial and leisure vessels.

3. HSC carry no special identification signals and have no special privileges or obligations in the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea (1972) with later amendments. However, they represent a potential new hazard in the areas where they have recently commenced operations. Their speed may potentially accelerate hazardous situations and bring risk of collision from unexpected directions. Some HSC generate a significant shallow water wave effect as they accelerate or decelerate or when they alter course. This can have a serious impact on small craft and their moorings, close to the shore and on shallow off-lying banks.

4. In the United Kingdom, the lead authority on all matters relating to HSC is:
   - Ship Standards,
   - Maritime and Coastguard Agency,
   - Spring Place,
   - 105 Commercial Road,
   - Southampton,
   - SO15 1EG